

Setup client step-cli: Linux and Mac users

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IMPORTANT: users with Ubuntu operating systems (but may happen also for other Linux distributions) should not run the command "sudo apt install step" because this will install a different software that will give errors when following the below instructions.

Configuration of the step client

To **configure *smallstep*** on your Linux system, you should run the following command in your local shell:

```
$ step ca bootstrap --ca-url=https://sshproxy.hpc.cineca.it --fingerprint 2ae1543202304d3f434bdc1a2c92eff2cd2b02110206ef06317e70c1c1735ecd
```

The root certificate has been saved in <path-to>/step/certs/root_ca.crt.

The authority configuration has been saved in <path-to>/step/config/defaults.json.

ATTENTION: if you have a previous version of *smallstep* installed and configured on your system, the client will ask if you want to **overwrite the existing configuration**. To save a copy of a previous version of *smallstep* installed and configured on your system, make a copy of the directory *.step*.

Activation of the ssh-agent

To use the certificate, the user should **activate the ssh-agent** running:

```
$ eval $(ssh-agent)
```

Notice: if the agent is already activated, this step is not necessary. If you observe anomalous behaviours, try if jumping this step solves the issue.

At this point, to **obtain the certificate** run:

```
$ step ssh login '<user-email>' --provisioner cineca-hpc
```

the command will report on the shell an output like the following one:

```
✓ Provisioner: cineca-hpc (OIDC) [client: step-ca]
Your default web browser has been opened to visit:

https://sso.hpc.cineca.it/realms/CINECA-HPC/protocol/openid-connect/auth?client_id=step-ca&code_challenge=Z8myob89AKrAhvotDxwrZQ3F47gf6WVmdV9hZqH9FmY&code_challenge_method=S256&nonce=956bee7e7a5ac3f8c0914710fadd3f65f2204ec1854a61c1b0e3df7b2880ee66&redirect_uri=http%3A%2F%2F127.0.0.1%3A10000&response_type=code&scope=openid+email&state=bEBXUyo0iqgvpq0cWN99GSNq0suxHSK5

✓ CA: https://sshproxy.hpc.cineca.it
✓ SSH Agent: yes
```

Then the following page on keycloak will open automatically on the browser. The user has to put his/her cluster credentials (username and password) and push the button "Sign in". Then, keycloak will ask for the OTP code generated by the Authenticator (see [Configure the OTP](#)).


```
$ step ssh list --raw '<user_email>' | step ssh inspect
```

```
-. Type: ecdsa-sha2-nistp256-cert-v01@openssh.com user certificate
Public key: ECDSA-CERT SHA256:TdhlpD5KFZD37roGYcDstS7180TruOnNgNJeS8eJJPK
Signing CA: ECDSA SHA256:e0ZF6AnnUzi0g7Db9nOaXxkEjRq9D6Ka4tV04XqilgM
Key ID: "<user_email>"
Serial: 841532770994081620
Valid: from 2022-02-15T11:55:24 to 2022-02-15T19:55:24
Principals:
  <username>
Critical Options: (none)
Extensions:
  permit-X11-forwarding
  permit-port-forwarding
  permit-pty
```

An alternative mode of creation of the step certificate

If it is necessary to avoid using `ssh-sgent` you can download your certificate launching the following command in any path of your local PC (we suggest in `~/.ssh` folder):

```
step ssh certificate 'user-email' --provisioner cineca-hpc my_key
```

You can change `my_key` with the name you prefer.

A password to encrypt the private key is requested on the shell command line

```
"Please enter the password to encrypt the private key:"
```

Please, choose a password and memorize it. It will be requested at login.

Three keys will be generated in the path where you executed the above command.

To use the keys to access the cluster you can place the three files in the `~/.ssh` folder, or you have to specify `-i <path-to-keys>` and enter as passphrase the password selected in the previous step:

```
$ ssh -i /path/my_key <username>@login.<cluster>.cineca.it
```

```
"Enter passphrase for key 'my_key'"
```

Remember that also these keys have an **availability of 12 hours**.